

About this report

PRI reporting is the largest global reporting project on responsible investment. It was developed with investors, for investors.

PRI signatories are required to report publicly on their responsible investment activities each year. In turn, they receive a number of outputs, including a public and private Transparency Report.

The public Transparency Reports, which are produced using signatories' reported information, provide accountability and support signatories to have internal discussions about their practices and to discuss these with their clients, beneficiaries, and other stakeholders.

This public Transparency Report is an export of the signatory's responses to the PRI Reporting Framework during the 2023 reporting period. It includes the signatory's responses to core indicators, as well as responses to plus indicators that the signatory has agreed to make public.

In response to signatory feedback, the PRI has not summarised signatories' responses – the information in this document is presented exactly as it was reported.

For each of the indicators in this document, all options selected by the signatory are presented, including links and qualitative responses. In some indicators, all applicable options are included for additional context.

Disclaimers

Responsible investment definitions

Within the PRI Reporting Framework Glossary, we provide definitions for key terms to guide reporting on responsible investment practices in the Reporting Framework. These definitions may differ from those used or proposed by other authorities and regulatory bodies due to evolving industry perspectives and changing legislative landscapes. Users of this report should be aware of these variations, as they may impact interpretations of the information provided.

Data accuracy

This document presents information reported directly by signatories in the 2023 reporting cycle. This information has not been audited by the PRI or any other party acting on its behalf. While this information is believed to be reliable, no representations or warranties are made as to the accuracy of the information presented.

The PRI has taken reasonable action to ensure that data submitted by signatories in the reporting tool is reflected in their official PRI reports accurately. However, it is possible that small data inaccuracies and/or gaps remain, and the PRI shall not be responsible or liable for such inaccuracies and gaps.

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SENIOR LEADERSHIP STATEMENT (SLS)

SENIOR LEADERSHIP STATEMENT

SENIOR LEADERSHIP STATEMENT

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
SLS 1	CORE	N/A	N/A	PUBLIC	Senior Leadership Statement	GENERAL

Section 1. Our commitment

- Why does your organisation engage in responsible investment?
- What is your organisation's overall approach to responsible investment, and what major responsible investment commitment(s) have you made?

Why:

Charterhouse engages in responsible investment, as underpinned by the PRI's six principles, because we continually see first-hand the direct correlation that exists between companies that operate with deeply embedded effective ESG practices and stable, resilient investments that deliver strong returns for investors.

We recognise that ESG integration is a universal rather than siloed practice and that our responsibility to embed sustainability into our daily operations and investment process positively contributes not only to long term value and financial returns for investors, but also to portfolio company employees, customers, suppliers as well as the communities in which we and our portfolio companies operate, and to the environment.

Our Approach:

Given unprecedented levels of disruption and the accelerated systemic issue of climate change and loss of natural capital, we continuously assess and adapt the way in which we engage and support our portfolio companies to optimally operate in transformational markets.

Systemic ESG pressures have generated improved dialogue around sustainability, buoying our approach towards integrating responsible investing principles.

Our ESG approach is directly aligned with our investment approach and values, which are summarised as:

- (i) Connect bringing people and capital together in carefully nurtured investment opportunities in which growth potential and value creation is positively influenced by the responsible management of ESG risk and opportunity.
- (ii) Collaborate one firm, one team working in partnership with management. We take an open, active and flexible approach, harnessing the skills, knowledge and experience of our entire team to help us support and build businesses over the long term, integrating ESG principles.



(iii) Change - unlocking growth potential by supporting ambitious management teams and by providing them with direct and active support and tools to mitigate ESG risk and recognise ESG opportunities.

We ensure that ESG forms part of every stage of our investment cycle:

• At the outset of the investment decision phase, our Investment Team members consider sector-specific aspects of the investment in question to assess ESG potential risks and indeed opportunities.

This pre-diligence approach allows the relevant team members to drive ESG matters forward at the earliest possible stage.

- Post acquisition, we address and harness immediate risks and opportunities. During the ownership phase, we work collegiately with management teams of portfolio companies to understand their material ESG risk and opportunities, the impact of their operations and how to manage these to reduce negative impact and enhance those factors.
- At exit, we seek to leave a lasting positive legacy for each of our portfolio companies and we encourage them to continue to manage ESG considerations after our divestment.

Fundamentally, we set out to build a meaningful sustainability governance structure in each portfolio company.

This requires leadership commitment in the form of formalised sustainability mission statements, board accountability and management oversight of ESG performance and targets. We achieve this via the active engagement of our Investment Team, Portfolio Team and ESG Director with our companies, supporting them in compiling meaningful ESG reporting at board level. We also recognise that being responsible managers requires tailored approaches, as each portfolio company has a unique sustainability roadmap. There is no 'one-size-fits-all' approach to ESG, but the active engagement that we have with our portfolio companies on ESG matters means we have oversight of a number of effective initiatives that can then be applied across different sectors and practices.

Major Responsible Investment Commitments:

Charterhouse has formalised its climate strategy and become a member of the Initiative Climat International (iCI) in 2022 and the ESG Data Convergence Initiative in early 2023. These are significant commitments that underpin our drive to support our portfolio companies in calculating GHG emissions and decarbonising, both on the basis of science-based targets.

Section 2. Annual overview

- Discuss your organisation's progress during the reporting year on the responsible investment issue you consider most relevant or material to your organisation or its assets.
- Reflect on your performance with respect to your organisation's responsible investment objectives and targets during the reporting year. Details might include, for example, outlining your single most important achievement or describing your general progress on topics such as the following (where applicable):
- refinement of ESG analysis and incorporation
- stewardship activities with investees and/or with policymakers
- collaborative engagements
- attainment of responsible investment certifications and/or awards

We achieved the firm's annual ESG milestones, as set out by the ESG Committee, at the beginning of the year. Notable achievements / initiatives included:

• In 2022, we joined the Initiative Climat International (iCI) to further embed our climate strategy into our firm-wide and investment activities. We continued to progress both the firm's net zero targets and the portfolio-wide strategy advancing portfolio companies towards science-based decarbonisation of operations and value chain. Where companies were not progressing science-based targets, the provision of the necessary support, and engagement of third party specialist to initiate global methodology aligned and comprehensive GHG emissions calculations were required to enable the identification of meaningful reduction targets.



- We have also developed the way ESG considerations are embedded in investment decisions and ownership practices. We have held more ESG introductory and due diligence meetings with C-Suite and senior management teams of companies in the preacquisition stage which enabled a good understanding of ESG approach and expertise on part of not only Charterhouse, but also the investee company.
- We continued to enhance the post-acquisition interaction with our portfolio companies and have seen increased engagement frequency (in some cases weekly) with portfolio companies as well as an increasingly senior-level audience at portfolio company level, with the ESG Director in direct dialogue on a regular basis with company founders, CEOs and other C-Suite members in most companies.

As a consequence, we have seen more structured and granular ESG reporting to boards of directors with ESG performance reviewed at board meetings.

- The sustainability dialogue and roadmap progression, one of which requires all our portfolio companies to articulate a sustainability mission strategy and statement which considers stakeholders of the wider value chain, has led to more portfolio companies becoming members of the UN Global Compact, submitting B Impact Assessments to initiate the certification as a B Corporation as well as committing to the Science Based Targets initiative.
- Having onboarded specialist ESG software, the quality of our ESG data collation, analysis and monitoring continued to improve to ensure alignment to sustainability disclosure requirements, as well as the ESG Data Convergence Initiative (with our first EDCI submission in April 2023).
- · We have also actively engaged with industry leaders and bodies to demonstrate and further enhance our capabilities:
- o We collaborated as a member of the iCl's regulatory working group with the BVCA and KPMG providing input to the compilation of a TCFD Guide for the Private Equity industry.
- o We promoted responsible investing practices as a speaker on conference panels of the BVCA and Private Equity International and introducing the conference audience to the B4SI framework and network as a solution to measure societal impact of the operations of an organisation.
- o We presented the annual ESG Conference we host for our portfolio companies as a hybrid event in 2022 in an effort to avoid GHG emissions. The conference agenda featured speakers and sessions on relevant sustainability themes and raised best practice awareness on topics including climate change, biodiversity, the adoption of regenerative sustainability strategies, practical ways to measure societal impact of organisations, life cycle analysis and circular approaches, amongst others.

We are continually encouraged by the resonance and commitment we have seen in sustainability adoption across our team, management teams and workforces of our portfolio companies.

The commitment to progressing sustainability agendas of our portfolio companies' management and workforce teams continues to deliver success stories – documented in numerous portfolio company published sustainability reports – of positive societal contribution in the interest of stakeholders and consumers as well as enabling a reduction of environmental impact. There has been an accelerated uptake of global climate and sustainability initiative commitment:

- o during the reporting year another portfolio company joined the UN Global Compact as a signatory, taking the number of UNGC signatories in the Charterhouse portfolio to three;
- o one portfolio company prepared its B Impact Assessment and consequently was certified a B Corporation in 2023;
- o another five portfolio companies initiated steps to prepare for B Impact Assessment submission;
- o one company registered as an Entreprise à Mission, pursuing a set social and environmental purpose with specific sustainability goals;
- o two portfolio companies published commitments to the SBTi;
- o two portfolio companies improved their Ecovadis rating to silver and gold;
- o two portfolio companies maintained their platinum and gold Ecovadis ratings; and
- o two portfolio companies improved their Carbon Disclosure Project ratings.

Section 3. Next steps

■ What specific steps has your organisation outlined to advance your commitment to responsible investment in the next two years?



Charterhouse will:

- Continue to embed evolving sustainability approaches and practices in our portfolio companies to support their development and improved resilience to transformational markets and economies and enhance their awareness of responsibility and contribution to stakeholders, specifically supporting the GHG emissions calculations and articulation of decarbonisation targets in all our portfolio companies;
- Continue to enhance ESG reporting by improving data quality, consistency and supporting our portfolio companies in capturing ESG data; and
- Continue to collaborate with and contribute to peer initiatives, notably the Initiative Climat International (iCI) and its regulatory working group as well as the ESG Data Convergence Initiative,

all with the broader objective of continually advancing our capabilities and commitment to responsible investment.

Section 4. Endorsement

'The Senior Leadership Statement has been prepared and/or reviewed by the undersigned and reflects our organisation-wide commitment and approach to responsible investment'.

Name

Tom Patrick

Position

Partner, General Counsel, Chairman of the Charterhouse ESG Committee

Organisation's Name

Charterhouse Capital Partners LLP

A

'This endorsement applies only to the Senior Leadership Statement and should not be considered an endorsement of the information reported by the above-mentioned organisation in the various modules of the Reporting Framework. The Senior Leadership Statement serves as a general overview of the above-mentioned organisation's responsible investment approach. The Senior Leadership Statement does not constitute advice and should not be relied upon as such. Further, it is not a substitute for the skill, judgement and experience of any third parties, their management, employees, advisors and/or clients when making investment and other business decisions'.



This endorsement applies to the Senior Leadership Statement and the information reported by the above-mentioned organisation in the various modules of the Reporting Framework.

The Senior Leadership Statement serves as a general overview of Charterhouse's responsible investment approach. The Senior Leadership Statement does not constitute advice and should not be relied upon as such. Further, it is not a substitute for the skill, judgement and experience of any third parties, their management, employees, advisors and/or clients when making investment and other business decisions.



ORGANISATIONAL OVERVIEW (00)

ORGANISATIONAL INFORMATION

REPORTING YEAR

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
001	CORE	N/A	N/A	PUBLIC	Reporting year	GENERAL

What is the year-end date of the 12-month period you have chosen to report for PRI reporting purposes?

	Date	Month	Year
Year-end date of the 12-month period for PRI reporting purposes:	31	12	2022

SUBSIDIARY INFORMATION

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
00 2	CORE	N/A	OO 2.1	PUBLIC	Subsidiary information	GENERAL

Does your organisation have subsidiaries?

o (A) Yes

⊚ (B) No



ASSETS UNDER MANAGEMENT

ALL ASSET CLASSES

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
00 4	CORE	00 3	N/A	PUBLIC	All asset classes	GENERAL

What are your total assets under management (AUM) at the end of the reporting year, as indicated in [OO 1]?

USD

(A) AUM of your organisation, including subsidiaries, and excluding the AUM subject to US\$ 5,550,000,000.00 execution, advisory, custody, or research advisory only (B) AUM of subsidiaries that are PRI signatories in their own right and excluded from this US\$ 0.00 submission, as indicated in [OO 2.2] (C) AUM subject to execution, advisory, custody, or research US\$ 0.00 advisory only

Additional information on the exchange rate used: (Voluntary)

Converting €5,225m / FX rate 1.0622



ASSET BREAKDOWN

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
00 5	CORE	OO 3	Multiple indicators	PUBLIC	Asset breakdown	GENERAL

Provide a percentage breakdown of your total AUM at the end of the reporting year as indicated in [OO 1].

	(1) Percentage of Internally managed AUM	(2) Percentage of Externally managed AUM
(A) Listed equity	0%	0%
(B) Fixed income	0%	0%
(C) Private equity	>75%	0%
(D) Real estate	0%	0%
(E) Infrastructure	0%	0%
(F) Hedge funds	0%	0%
(G) Forestry	0%	0%
(H) Farmland	0%	0%
(I) Other	0%	0%
(J) Off-balance sheet	0%	0%



ASSET BREAKDOWN: INTERNALLY MANAGED PRIVATE EQUITY

0%

0%

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
00 5.3 PE	CORE	OO 5	N/A	PUBLIC	Asset breakdown: Internally managed private equity	GENERAL
Provide a furthe	Provide a further breakdown of your internally managed private equity AUM.					
(A) Venture ca	apital	0%				
(B) Growth ca	pital	0%				
(C) (Leverage	ed) buy-out	>75%				
(D) Distressed special situati	d, turnaround or ons	0%				

GEOGRAPHICAL BREAKDOWN

(E) Secondaries

(F) Other

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
00 7	CORE	Multiple, see guidance	N/A	PUBLIC	Geographical breakdown	GENERAL

How much of your AUM in each asset class is invested in emerging markets and developing economies?

AUM in Emerging Markets and Developing Economies

(F) Private equity	(1) 0%	



STEWARDSHIP

STEWARDSHIP

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
00 8	CORE	Multiple, see guidance	Multiple indicators	PUBLIC	Stewardship	GENERAL

Does your organisation conduct stewardship activities, excluding (proxy) voting, for any of your assets?

(A) Yes, through internal staff	✓
(B) Yes, through service providers	
(C) Yes, through external managers	
(D) We do not conduct stewardship	0

ESG INCORPORATION

INTERNALLY MANAGED ASSETS

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
00 11	CORE	Multiple, see guidance	Multiple indicators	PUBLIC	Internally managed assets	1

For each internally managed asset class, does your organisation incorporate ESG factors into your investment decisions?



(1) Yes, we incorporate ESG factors into our investment decisions

(2) No, we do not incorporate ESG factors into our investment decisions

ESG/SUSTAINABILITY FUNDS AND PRODUCTS

LABELLING AND MARKETING

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
OO 18	CORE	OO 11–14	OO 18.1	PUBLIC	Labelling and marketing	1

Do you explicitly market any of your products and/or funds as ESG and/or sustainable?

- o (A) Yes, we market products and/or funds as ESG and/or sustainable
- (B) No, we do not offer products or funds explicitly marketed as ESG and/or sustainable
- o (C) Not applicable; we do not offer products or funds

Additional information: (Voluntary)

A dedicated team at Charterhouse, assisted by external counsel, worked during 2022 on SFDR Article 8 classification, although this was not formally completed / implemented until 2023.

SUMMARY OF REPORTING REQUIREMENTS

SUMMARY OF REPORTING REQUIREMENTS

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
00 21	CORE	Multiple indicators	Multiple indicators	PUBLIC	Summary of reporting requirements	GENERAL

The following table shows which modules are mandatory or voluntary to report on in the separate PRI asset class modules. Where a module is voluntary, indicate if you wish to report on it.



Applicable modules	(1) Mandatory to report (pre-filled based on previous responses)	(2.1) Voluntary to report. Yes, I want to opt-in to reporting on the module	(2.2) Voluntary to report. No, I want to opt-out of reporting on the module
Policy, Governance and Strategy	•	0	0
Confidence Building Measures	•	0	0
(I) Private equity	•	0	0

OTHER ASSET BREAKDOWNS

PRIVATE EQUITY: SECTORS

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
OO 22	CORE	00 21	N/A	PUBLIC	Private equity: Sectors	GENERAL

In which sector(s) are your internally managed private equity assets invested?

		_
\sqcup ((A)	Energy

- ☐ (B) Materials
- ☑ (C) Industrials
- **☑** (D) Consumer discretionary
- \square (E) Consumer staples
- **☑** (F) Healthcare
- ☑ (G) Financials
- ☑ (H) Information technology
- ☐ (I) Communication services
- ☐ (J) Utilities
- \Box (K) Real estate



PRIVATE EQUITY: OWNERSHIP LEVEL

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
OO 23	CORE	00 21	N/A	PUBLIC	Private equity: Ownership level	GENERAL

What is the percentage breakdown of your internally managed private equity investments by the level of ownership?

☑ (A) A majority stake (more than 50%)

Select from the list:

- o (1) >0 to 10%
- o (2) >10 to 50%
- (3) >50 to 75%
- o (4) >75%

☑ (B) A significant minority stake (between 10–50%)

Select from the list:

- o (1) >0 to 10%
 - **◎ (2) >10 to 50%**
- ☑ (C) A limited minority stake (less than 10%)

Select from the list:

- **(1) >0 to 10%**
- o (2) >10 to 50%

SUBMISSION INFORMATION

REPORT DISCLOSURE

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
OO 32	CORE	OO 3, OO 31	N/A	PUBLIC	Report disclosure	GENERAL

How would you like to disclose the detailed percentage figures you reported throughout the Reporting Framework?

- o (A) Publish as absolute numbers
- (B) Publish as ranges



POLICY, GOVERNANCE AND STRATEGY (PGS)

POLICY

RESPONSIBLE INVESTMENT POLICY ELEMENTS

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PGS 1	CORE	OO 8, OO 9	Multiple indicators	PUBLIC	Responsible investment policy elements	1, 2

Which elements are covered in your formal responsible investment policy(ies)?

- ☑ (A) Overall approach to responsible investment
- ☑ (B) Guidelines on environmental factors
- ☑ (C) Guidelines on social factors
- ☑ (D) Guidelines on governance factors
- ☑ (E) Guidelines on sustainability outcomes
- \square (F) Guidelines tailored to the specific asset class(es) we hold
- ☑ (G) Guidelines on exclusions
- ☑ (H) Guidelines on managing conflicts of interest related to responsible investment
- ☑ (I) Stewardship: Guidelines on engagement with investees
- ☐ (J) Stewardship: Guidelines on overall political engagement
- ☑ (K) Stewardship: Guidelines on engagement with other key stakeholders
- ☑ (M) Other responsible investment elements not listed here Specify:

Elements also featured in the Charterhouse ESG Policy include the fiduciary duty integral to responsible investment and the firm's responsible investment governance structure.

o (N) Our organisation does not have a formal responsible investment policy and/or our policy(ies) do not cover any responsible investment elements

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PGS 2	CORE	PGS 1	Multiple, see guidance	PUBLIC	Responsible investment policy elements	1

Does your formal responsible investment policy(ies) include specific guidelines on systematic sustainability issues?

- ☑ (A) Specific guidelines on climate change (may be part of guidelines on environmental factors)
- ☑ (B) Specific guidelines on human rights (may be part of guidelines on social factors)
- ☑ (C) Specific guidelines on other systematic sustainability issues Specify:



The Charterhouse ESG Policy and supporting guideline documents, for example our ESG integration and questionnaire for the Investment Team address environmental factors and climate change, human rights and other sustainability issues such as labour standards and consideration of the UN Sustainable Development Goals.

The Policy and guidelines continuously evolve, for example, by the inclusion of additional biodiversity questions in the 2022 ESG data framework and questionnaire, designed to raise awareness and sensitivity to biodiversity and preservation of natural capital, a topic that was also presented at our annual ESG Conference for our portfolio companies.

o (D) Our formal responsible investment policy(ies) does not include guidelines on systematic sustainability issues

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PGS 3	CORE	PGS 1, PGS 2	N/A	PUBLIC	Responsible investment policy elements	6

000	CORL	1001,1002	19/73	1 OBLIC	elements	Ü
Which ele	ments of your formal res	oonsible investment	t policy(ies) ar	e publicly availa	ble?	
☑ (A) Ove Add lin	erall approach to respons k:	ible investment				
	https://www.charterhouse.co.	uk/sustainability/				
. ,	delines on environmental fa i <mark>delines on social factors</mark> ık:	actors				
	https://www.charterhouse.co.	uk/sustainability/				
☑ (D) Gui	delines on governance fa	actors				
	https://www.charterhouse.co.	uk/sustainability/				
. ,	delines on sustainability ou ecific guidelines on clima ık:		oart of guidelir	nes on environm	ental factors)	
	https://www.charterhouse.co.	uk/sustainability/				
☑ (G) Spo Add lin	ecific guidelines on huma k:	n rights (may be pa	rt of guideline	s on social facto	ors)	
	https://www.charterhouse.co.	uk/sustainability/				
☑ (H) Spe	ecific guidelines on other k:	systematic sustain	ability issues			
	https://www.charterhouse.co.	uk/sustainability/				
☐ (K) Gui	delines on exclusions delines on managing confli wardship: Guidelines on ık:			investment		
	https://www.charterhouse.co.	uk/sustainability/				

☑ (N) Stewardship: Guidelines on engagement with other key stakeholders



Add link:

https://www.charterhouse.co.uk/sustainability/

 $\ \square$ (P) Other responsible investment aspects not listed here

Add link:

https://www.charterhouse.co.uk/sustainability/

o (Q) No elements of our formal responsible investment policy(ies) are publicly available

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PGS 5	CORE	PGS 1	N/A	PUBLIC	Responsible investment policy elements	2

Which elements are covered in your organisation's policy(ies) or guidelines on stewardship?

- ☑ (A) Overall stewardship objectives
- ☑ (B) Prioritisation of specific ESG factors to be advanced via stewardship activities
- ☑ (C) Criteria used by our organisation to prioritise the investees, policy makers, key stakeholders, or other entities on which to focus our stewardship efforts
- ☑ (D) How different stewardship tools and activities are used across the organisation
- **☑** (E) Approach to escalation in stewardship
- ☑ (F) Approach to collaboration in stewardship
- \square (G) Conflicts of interest related to stewardship
- \square (H) How stewardship efforts and results are communicated across the organisation to feed into investment decision-making and vice versa
- ☐ (I) Other
- o (J) None of the above elements is captured in our policy(ies) or guidelines on stewardship

RESPONSIBLE INVESTMENT POLICY COVERAGE

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PGS 8	CORE	PGS 1	N/A	PUBLIC	Responsible investment policy coverage	1

What percentage of your total AUM is covered by the below elements of your responsible investment policy(ies)?



Combined AUM coverage of all policy elements

(A) Overall approach to responsible investment

(B) Guidelines on environmental factors

(C) Guidelines on social factors

(D) Guidelines on governance factors

(7) 100%

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PGS 9	CORE	PGS 2	N/A	PUBLIC	Responsible investment policy coverage	1

What proportion of your AUM is covered by your formal policies or guidelines on climate change, human rights, or other systematic sustainability issues?

	AUM coverage
(A) Specific guidelines on climate change	(1) for all of our AUM
(B) Specific guidelines on human rights	(1) for all of our AUM
(C) Specific guidelines on other systematic sustainability issues	(1) for all of our AUM

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PGS 10	CORE	OO 8, OO 9, PGS 1	N/A	PUBLIC	Responsible investment policy coverage	2

Per asset class, what percentage of your AUM is covered by your policy(ies) or guidelines on stewardship with investees?

☑ (C) Private equity



(1) Percentage of AUM covered

- o (1) >0% to 10%
- o (2) >10% to 20%
- o (3) >20% to 30%
- o (4) >30% to 40%
- o (5) >40% to 50%
- o (6) >50% to 60%
- o (7) >60% to 70%
- o (8) >70% to 80%
- o (9) >80% to 90%
- o (10) >90% to <100%
- **(11) 100%**

GOVERNANCE

ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PGS 11	CORE	N/A	Multiple indicators	PUBLIC	Roles and responsibilities	1

Which senior level body(ies) or role(s) in your organisation have formal oversight over and accountability for responsible investment?

- ☑ (A) Board members, trustees, or equivalent
- ☑ (B) Senior executive-level staff, or equivalent

Specify:

We encourage all firm personnel to take responsibility for the firm's ESG approach and practices, under the leadership of Senior Management and the supervision of the Charterhouse ESG Committee. The ESG Committee is accountable for our responsible investment policy and is represented by a wide cross-section of the firm, including partners and senior members from the Investment Team, Portfolio Team, Legal & Compliance Team, Investor Relations, the Head of Talent and the ESG Director.

☑ (C) Investment committee, or equivalent

Specify:

Our Investment Committee comprises nine members, three of whom are currently members of the ESG Committee. This representation helps strengthen the integration of responsible investment principles throughout Charterhouse's investment processes. We consider this senior level engagement crucial to progressing our ESG programme as effectively as possible.

☑ (D) Head of department, or equivalent

Specify department:

Our ESG Director, who is also a member of the Portfolio Team, is responsible for day-to-day ESG oversight and accountability at the firm. This ensures that ESG is central to value creation strategies and portfolio companies monitoring.

o (E) None of the above bodies and roles have oversight over and accountability for responsible investment



Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PGS 11.1	CORE	PGS 1, PGS 2, PGS 11	N/A	PUBLIC	Roles and responsibilities	1, 2

Does your organisation's senior level body(ies) or role(s) have formal oversight over and accountability for the elements covered in your responsible investment policy(ies)?

	(1) Board members, trustees, or equivalent	(2) Senior executive-level staff, investment committee, head of department, or equivalent
(A) Overall approach to responsible investment		Ø
(B) Guidelines on environmental, social and/or governance factors		
(C) Guidelines on sustainability outcomes		
(D) Specific guidelines on climate change (may be part of guidelines on environmental factors)		
(E) Specific guidelines on human rights (may be part of guidelines on social factors)		☑
(F) Specific guidelines on other systematic sustainability issues		
(H) Guidelines on exclusions		
(I) Guidelines on managing conflicts of interest related to responsible investment		☑
(J) Stewardship: Guidelines on engagement with investees		



(L) Stewardship: Guidelines on engagement with other key stakeholders		
(N) This role has no formal oversight over and accountability for any of the above elements covered in our responsible investment policy(ies)	0	0

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PGS 11.2	CORE	N/A	N/A	PUBLIC	Roles and responsibilities	1-6

Does your organisation have governance processes or structures to ensure that your overall political engagement is aligned with your commitment to the principles of PRI, including any political engagement conducted by third parties on your behalf?

Describe how you do this:

The political engagement of Charterhouse is limited to the participation of the ESG Director or any other member of the ESG Committee in working groups of initiatives collaborating with trade associations (e.g. BVCA) to provide feedback in relation to regulatory consultation papers. Any such engagement would be pre-authorised by the ESG Committee or the Chairman of the ESG Committee, who is also the firm's General Counsel.

No political engagement is conducted by third parties on our behalf.

- o (B) No
- o (C) Not applicable, our organisation does not conduct any form of political engagement directly or through any third parties

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PGS 12	CORE	N/A	N/A	PUBLIC	Roles and responsibilities	1

In your organisation, which internal or external roles are responsible for implementing your approach to responsible investment?

☑ (A) Internal role(s)

Specify:



Formalised responsibility rests with

- i) Members of the ESG Committee (partners and senior members of the Investment Team, Legal & Compliance Team, Investor Relations, Head of Talent and the ESG Director, who is also a member of the Portfolio Team)
- ii) Members of the Investment Committee (Investment Team Partners, Head of Investor Relations, General Counsel and Chairman of the ESG Committee)
- iii) Investment Team members
- iv) Portfolio Team members
- v) ESG Director

(B) External investment managers, service providers, or other external partners or suppliers Specify:

Specialist external advisors or consultants are regularly engaged to enhance ESG due diligence and provide ESG-related training. These are sometimes ad hoc appointments in relation to project work but more often will be longer term projects aimed at systemic change. Recent examples include climate change- training to the Investment Team and wider Charterhouse employees.

o (C) We do not have any internal or external roles with responsibility for implementing responsible investment

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PGS 13	CORE	PGS 11	N/A	PUBLIC	Roles and responsibilities	1

Does your organisation use responsible investment KPIs to evaluate the performance of your board members, trustees, or equivalent?

- o (A) Yes, we use responsible investment KPIs to evaluate the performance of our board members, trustees, or equivalent
- (B) No, we do not use responsible investment KPIs to evaluate the performance of our board members, trustees, or equivalent

Explain why: (Voluntary)

We are currently working on ESG objectives for responsible investment being articulated as measurable KPIs. An internal working group is progressing the formalisation of KPIs by role. Charterhouse has also sought external advice from a global law firm presenting to the ESG Committee insight into how the challenges of embedding of such system might be resolved.

We have, for several years, and as has been reported in previous PRI submissions, considered the extent to which responsible investment practices are upheld by members of our investment team, many of whom are also members of our senior leadership, in the performance appraisal process. The KPI project should therefore be a natural evolution of this process.

The draft set of team-and role-specific KPIs will be reviewed by the ESG Committee members for implementation.



Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PGS 14	CORE	PGS 11	N/A	PUBLIC	Roles and responsibilities	1

Does your organisation use responsible investment KPIs to evaluate the performance of your senior executive-level staff (or equivalent), and are these KPIs linked to compensation?

Indicate whether these responsible investment KPIs are linked to compensation

- (1) KPIs are linked to compensation
- o (2) KPIs are not linked to compensation as these roles do not have variable compensation
- o (3) KPIs are not linked to compensation even though these roles have variable compensation

Describe: (Voluntary)

ESG KPIs are linked to the ESG Director's variable compensation. The ESG Committee agrees annual firm- and portfolio-level ESG objectives in January of each year that direct the day-to-day activities and responsibilities of the ESG Director. The milestone indicators include:

- objectives relating to the ESG integration in investment activities;
- the development of the firm's ESG integration approach;
- the firm's stewardship activities and ESG performance across firm-level net zero actions;
- · training and initiatives to enhance Investment Team and Charterhouse members' ESG knowledge and skills;
- · engagement with portfolio companies;
- the progression of pan-portfolio ESG themes, including decarbonisation programmes and cyber security assessments and measures:
- · collaboration with peers and industry initiatives; and
- · continuously evolving level of reporting.
- (B) No, we do not use responsible investment KPIs to evaluate the performance of our senior executive-level staff (or equivalent)

EXTERNAL REPORTING AND DISCLOSURES

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PGS 16	CORE	N/A	N/A	PUBLIC	External reporting and disclosures	6

What elements are included in your regular reporting to clients and/or beneficiaries for the majority of your AUM?

- ☑ (A) Any changes in policies related to responsible investment
- ☑ (B) Any changes in governance or oversight related to responsible investment
- **☑** (C) Stewardship-related commitments
- ☑ (D) Progress towards stewardship-related commitments
- ☑ (E) Climate-related commitments
- ☐ (F) Progress towards climate—related commitments
- **☑** (G) Human rights-related commitments
- ☐ (H) Progress towards human rights—related commitments
- ☑ (I) Commitments to other systematic sustainability issues
- ☑ (J) Progress towards commitments on other systematic sustainability issues



o (K) We do not include any of these elements in our regular reporting to clients and/or beneficiaries for the majority of our AUM

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PGS 17	CORE	N/A	N/A	PUBLIC	External reporting and disclosures	6

During the reporting year, did your organisation publicly disclose climate-related information in line with the Task Force on Climate-Related Financial Disclosures' (TCFD) recommendations?

- \square (A) Yes, including all governance-related recommended disclosures
- \square (B) Yes, including all strategy-related recommended disclosures
- ☐ (C) Yes, including all risk management–related recommended disclosures
- \square (D) Yes, including all applicable metrics and targets-related recommended disclosures
- (E) None of the above

Explain why: (Voluntary)

Whilst Charterhouse did not disclose publicly all climate-related information, the firm is preparing for future TCFD disclosures and participates in the iCl regulatory working group, which compiled a TCFD Guide for Private Equity in collaboration with the BVCA and KPMG. With this underway, some TCFD-aligned information, for example relating to metrics, was disclosed to investors on an ad hoc basis during the reporting year.

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PGS 19	CORE	N/A	N/A	PUBLIC	External reporting and disclosures	6

During the reporting year, did your organisation publicly disclose its membership in and support for trade associations, think tanks or similar bodies that conduct any form of political engagement?

 \odot (A) Yes, we publicly disclosed our membership in and support for trade associations, think tanks, or similar bodies that conduct any form of political engagement

Add link(s):

https://www.charterhouse.co.uk/sustainability/https://www.charterhouse.co.uk/sustainability/https://www.charterhouse.co.uk/sustainability/https://navigator.sasb.org/

- (B) No, we did not publicly disclose our membership in and support for trade associations, think tanks, or similar bodies that conduct any form of political engagement
- \circ (C) Not applicable, we were not members in or supporters of any trade associations, think tanks, or similar bodies that conduct any form of political engagement during the reporting year



STRATEGY

CAPITAL ALLOCATION

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PGS 20	CORE	N/A	N/A	PUBLIC	Capital allocation	1

Which elements do your organisation-level exclusions cover?

- ☑ (A) Exclusions based on our organisation's values or beliefs regarding particular sectors, products or services
- ☑ (B) Exclusions based on our organisation's values or beliefs regarding particular regions or countries
- ☑ (C) Exclusions based on minimum standards of business practice aligned with international norms such as the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises, the International Bill of Human Rights, UN Security Council sanctions or the UN Global Compact
- \square (D) Exclusions based on our organisation's climate change commitments
- ☑ (E) Other elements

Specify:

Exclusions are fundamentally driven by our own ethical, ESG and associated reputational concerns – all of which have led to us declining opportunities that have been pursued by other parties. Some specific exclusions are reinforced by fund terms and side letters between Charterhouse and our investors.

o (F) Not applicable; our organisation does not have any organisation-level exclusions

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PGS 21	CORE	N/A	N/A	PUBLIC	Capital allocation	1

How does your responsible investment approach influence your strategic asset allocation process?

- ☑ (A) We incorporate ESG factors into our assessment of expected asset class risks and returns Select from dropdown list:
 - (1) for all of our AUM subject to strategic asset allocation
 - o (2) for a majority of our AUM subject to strategic asset allocation
 - $\circ\hspace{0.2cm}$ (3) for a minority of our AUM subject to strategic asset allocation
- ☑ (B) We incorporate climate change-related risks and opportunities into our assessment of expected asset class risks and returns

- (1) for all of our AUM subject to strategic asset allocation
- o (2) for a majority of our AUM subject to strategic asset allocation
- o (3) for a minority of our AUM subject to strategic asset allocation
- ☐ (C) We incorporate human rights—related risks and opportunities into our assessment of expected asset class risks and returns
- \square (D) We incorporate risks and opportunities related to other systematic sustainability issues into our assessment of expected asset class risks and returns



Select from dropdown list:

- **(1)** for all of our AUM subject to strategic asset allocation
- o (2) for a majority of our AUM subject to strategic asset allocation
- $\circ\hspace{0.1cm}$ (3) for a minority of our AUM subject to strategic asset allocation

Specify: (Voluntary)

- (E) We do not incorporate ESG factors, climate change, human rights or other systematic sustainability issues into our assessment of expected asset class risks and returns
- o (F) Not applicable; we do not have a strategic asset allocation process

STEWARDSHIP: OVERALL STEWARDSHIP STRATEGY

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PGS 22	CORE	OO 8, OO 9	N/A	PUBLIC	Stewardship: Overall stewardship strategy	2

For the majority of AUM within each asset class, which of the following best describes your primary stewardship objective?

	(3) Private equity
(A) Maximise our portfolio-level risk-adjusted returns. In doing so, we seek to address any risks to overall portfolio performance caused by individual investees' contribution to systematic sustainability issues.	
(B) Maximise our individual investments' risk-adjusted returns. In doing so, we do not seek to address any risks to overall portfolio performance caused by individual investees' contribution to systematic sustainability issues.	0



STEWARDSHIP: ENGAGEMENT WITH POLICY MAKERS

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PGS 39	CORE	OO 8, OO 9	PGS 39.1, PGS 39.2	PUBLIC	Stewardship: Engagement with policy makers	2

Did your organisation, or the external investment managers or service providers acting on your behalf, engage with policy makers as part of your responsible investment approach during the reporting year?

- \square (A) Yes, we engaged with policy makers directly
- \Box (B) Yes, we engaged with policy makers through the leadership of or active participation in working groups or collaborative initiatives, including via the PRI
- ☑ (C) Yes, we were members of, supported, or were in another way affiliated with third party organisations, including trade associations and non-profit organisations, that engage with policy makers, excluding the PRI
- \circ (D) We did not engage with policy makers directly or indirectly during the reporting year beyond our membership in the PRI

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PGS 39.1	CORE	PGS 39	N/A	PUBLIC	Stewardship: Engagement with policy makers	2

During the reporting year, what methods did you, or the external investment managers or service providers acting on your behalf, use to engage with policy makers as part of your responsible investment approach?

- \square (A) We participated in 'sign-on' letters
- \square (B) We responded to policy consultations
- ☑ (C) We provided technical input via government- or regulator-backed working groups Describe:

Charterhouse is a member of the regulatory working group of the Initiative Climat International, and collaborated with the BVCA and KPMG in the compilation of a TCFD guide for private equity firms.

- \square (D) We engaged policy makers on our own initiative
- \square (E) Other methods

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PGS 39.2	CORE	PGS 39	N/A	PUBLIC	Stewardship: Engagement with policy makers	2



During the reporting year, did your organisation publicly disclose details of your engagement with policy makers conducted as part of your responsible investment approach, including through external investment managers or service providers?

	\Box (Ά) We	publicly	/ disclosed	all our	policy	positions
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 $\hfill\square$ (B) We publicly disclosed details of our engagements with policy makers

● (C) No, we did not publicly disclose details of our engagement with policy makers conducted as part of our responsible investment approach during the reporting year

Explain why:

Any input Charterhouse provided was indirect.

CLIMATE CHANGE

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PGS 41	CORE	N/A	PGS 41.1	PUBLIC	Climate change	General

Has your organisation identified climate-related risks and opportunities affecting your investments?

(A) Yes, within our standard planning horizon

Specify the risks and opportunities identified and your relevant standard planning horizon:

Opportunities that were identified included step-change introduction of renewable more cost efficient energy sources, and lower emission transportation. Similarly, for the non-manufacturing portfolio companies, the transition to reduced emissions and overall reduced energy consumption was identified as an opportunity.

The climate change-related risks identified pertain mainly to manufacturing companies, which constitute a minority of the Charterhouse Portfolio (three companies during the reporting year). The medium-term risks that were identified, some by way of external specialist consultancy engagement for TCFD assessment include potential disruption to production due to severe weather events or flooding, or to supply due to climate change vulnerability in the supply chain.

☑ (B) Yes, beyond our standard planning horizon

Specify the risks and opportunities identified and your relevant standard planning horizon:

Whilst the nature of our portfolio companies, and the limited number of manufacturing companies in the portfolio, significantly reduces the negative impact of climate change, we do recognise that climate change-related events increasingly pose a potential risk of disruption to supply or production in the form of extreme weather events. Whilst we plan for these in the medium to long term, acceleration of such events, such as unexpected flooding due to climate-related events, has meant that the planning horizon for such risks are closer to our standard planning horizon than they were previously.

o (C) No, we have not identified climate-related risks and/or opportunities affecting our investments

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PGS 41.1	CORE	PGS 41	N/A	PUBLIC	Climate change	General

Does your organisation integrate climate-related risks and opportunities affecting your investments in its overall investment strategy, financial planning and (if relevant) products?



(A) Yes, our overall investment strategy, financial planning and (if relevant) products integrate climate-related risks and opportunities

Describe how climate-related risks and opportunities have affected or are expected to affect your investment strategy, financial planning and (if relevant) products:

Climate-related risk and opportunities increasingly impact our investment strategy, particularly as a need for accelerated climate action has emerged in the years since the Paris Agreement.

Charterhouse has avoided investment in high emitting sectors and joined the Initiative Climat International (iCI) in 2022 as well as supporting its portfolio companies in GHG emission calculation and identifying science-based decarbonisation targets. Given the operational and sectoral diversity of the Charterhouse portfolio, each with a unique level of climate materiality, tailored decarbonisation targets are required in the context of each portfolio company and its value chain.

The climate risks and opportunities are considered in the pre-acquisition due diligence stage, to establish an expectation of climate related action and cost to position a portfolio company onto a meaningful transition pathway to a science-based net zero, whilst protecting operations from climate risk.

We also recognise that with the global economy transitioning to lower emission strategies, investments in portfolio companies that are climate action enablers based on their services and products are increasingly attractive on the basis of which we have identified potential investments for consideration.

• (B) No, our organisation has not yet integrated climate-related risks and opportunities into its investment strategy, financial planning and (if relevant) products

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PGS 43	CORE	N/A	N/A	PUBLIC	Climate change	General

Has your organisation assessed the resilience of its investment strategy in different climate scenarios, including one in which the average temperature rise is held to below 2 degrees Celsius (preferably to 1.5 degrees Celsius) above preindustrial levels?

- ☐ (A) Yes, using the Inevitable Policy Response Forecast Policy Scenario (FPS) or Required Policy Scenario (RPS)
- \square (B) Yes, using the One Earth Climate Model scenario
- ☐ (C) Yes, using the International Energy Agency (IEA) Net Zero scenario
- \square (D) Yes, using other scenarios
- (E) No, we have not assessed the resilience of our investment strategy in different climate scenarios, including one that holds temperature rise to below 2 degrees

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PGS 44	CORE	N/A	N/A	PUBLIC	Climate change	General



Does your organisation have a process to identify, assess, and manage the climate-related risks (potentially) affecting your investments?

☑ (A) Yes, we have a process to identify and assess climate-related risks

(1) Describe your process

The identification and assessment of climate-related risks is initiated in the pre-acquisition due diligence phase, as part of a wider materiality mapping of ESG factors (typically referencing the sectoral and industry SASB and MSCI materiality mapping tools).

From a climate-risk perspective, the ESG due diligence seeks to establish the reliance of the target portfolio company on key suppliers, their geographical location and complexity of logistic chains. We reference available resource and tools to establish the physical risk of climate change, particularly where this relates to manufacturing sites of the target portfolio company.

Following the acquisition, we continue with an ESG deep-dive to enhance our ESG understanding and data of the portfolio company. We typically often engage external specialist consultants to conduct a TCFD-aligned climate-related risk and opportunities assessment which allows meaningful action plans to be integrated into the sustainability roadmap of the portfolio company in question.

(2) Describe how this process is integrated into your overall risk management

We support our portfolio companies in implementing and maintaining a meaningful risk registers, which includes ESG and material climate-related risks. This risk register is reviewed by the portfolio company board (which includes members of the Charterhouse Investment Team) at regular intervals, and its content is also reviewed in the annual ESG data collation and analysis, thus allowing climate risk factors to be integrated in the overall ESG profiling of the portfolio company.

The risk analysis is further integrated by the numerous climate-related and TCFD indicators, included in the Charterhouse data framework we have created in the SaaS ESG data software that we onboarded to support our ESG data collation, monitoring and analysis.

In addition, we have developed ESG board reporting templates which serve to flag emerging ESG-factors (including climate related risks and opportunities) which require particular board review.

☑ (B) Yes, we have a process to manage climate-related risks

(1) Describe your process

Identifying and assessing climate-related risks is a continuous and evolving process.

The Charterhouse Investment Team, Portfolio Team and ESG Director engage in targeted ESG dialogue with the portfolio companies at regular intervals to identify climate-related risks and provide support to establish action plans to address the climate-risk in the context of the portfolio company's operations and value chain.

Alongside the continuous dialogue and the sharing of industry guidance (from the Initiative Climat International (iCl), for example), we also engage external consultants to support portfolio companies where climate risks have been identified that require specialist support beyond that which Charterhouse can typically offer.

(2) Describe how this process is integrated into your overall risk management



Managing climate-related risks requires targeted and purposeful ESG engagement and dialogue.

Members of the Charterhouse Investment Team, Portfolio Team and the ESG Director agree with the portfolio company's management team a meaningful action plan to address climate-related risks and mitigate the impact these may have on the operations or value chain of the business. The action plan is typically phased into short, medium and long-term steps, and is integrated into the sustainability roadmap of the portfolio company. Regular update calls, ESG engagement sessions and the annual ESG data collation allows for active monitoring of the progression of action plans agreed.

o (C) No, we do not have any processes to identify, assess, or manage the climate-related risks affecting our investments

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PGS 45	CORE	N/A	N/A	PUBLIC	Climate change	General

During the reporting year, which of the following climate risk metrics or variables affecting your investments did your organisation use and disclose?

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7	۲Δ۱	Exposure	tΩ	nhι	/sical	rick

- \square (B) Exposure to transition risk
- \square (C) Internal carbon price
- ☑ (D) Total carbon emissions
 - (1) Indicate whether this metric or variable was used and disclosed, including the methodology
 - (1) Metric or variable used
 - o (2) Metric or variable used and disclosed
 - o (3) Metric or variable used and disclosed, including methodology
- ☑ (E) Weighted average carbon intensity
 - (1) Indicate whether this metric or variable was used and disclosed, including the methodology
 - (1) Metric or variable used
 - o (2) Metric or variable used and disclosed
 - o (3) Metric or variable used and disclosed, including methodology
- ☐ (F) Avoided emissions
- ☐ (G) Implied Temperature Rise (ITR)
- \square (H) Non-ITR measure of portfolio alignment with UNFCCC Paris Agreement goals
- ☑ (I) Proportion of assets or other business activities aligned with climate-related opportunities
 - (1) Indicate whether this metric or variable was used and disclosed, including the methodology
 - (1) Metric or variable used
 - o (2) Metric or variable used and disclosed
 - o (3) Metric or variable used and disclosed, including methodology
- ☑ (J) Other metrics or variables

Specify:

- i) Proportion of portfolio companies committing to SBTi; and
- ii) Proportion of portfolio companies reporting to, and rated by the Carbon Disclosure Project
- (1) Indicate whether this metric or variable was used and disclosed, including the methodology
 - (1) Metric or variable used
 - o (2) Metric or variable used and disclosed
 - o (3) Metric or variable used and disclosed, including methodology



o (K) Our organisation did not use or disclose any climate risk metrics or variables affecting our investments during the reporting year

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PGS 46	CORE	N/A	N/A	PUBLIC	Climate change	General

During the reporting year, did your organisation disclose its Scope 1, Scope 2, and/or Scope 3 greenhouse gas emissions?

- ☑ (A) Scope 1 emissions
 - (1) Indicate whether this metric was disclosed, including the methodology
 - o (1) Metric disclosed
 - **(2) Metric and methodology disclosed**
 - (2) Provide links to the disclosed metric and methodology, as applicable

https://secure1.greenstoneplus.com/investorportal/3/emission-dashboard?id=1574

- ☑ (B) Scope 2 emissions
 - (1) Indicate whether this metric was disclosed, including the methodology
 - o (1) Metric disclosed
 - **(2)** Metric and methodology disclosed
 - (2) Provide links to the disclosed metric and methodology, as applicable

https://secure1.greenstoneplus.com/investorportal/3/emission-dashboard?id=1574

- ☐ (C) Scope 3 emissions (including financed emissions)
- o (D) Our organisation did not disclose its Scope 1, Scope 2, or Scope 3 greenhouse gas emissions during the reporting year

SUSTAINABILITY OUTCOMES

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PGS 47	CORE	N/A	Multiple indicators	PUBLIC	Sustainability outcomes	1, 2

Has your organisation identified the intended and unintended sustainability outcomes connected to its investment activities?

- (A) Yes, we have identified one or more specific sustainability outcomes connected to our investment activities
- o (B) No, we have not yet identified the sustainability outcomes connected to any of our investment activities



Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PGS 47.1	CORE	PGS 47	N/A	PUBLIC	Sustainability outcomes	1, 2

Which widely recognised frameworks has your organisation used to identify the intended and unintended sustainability outcomes connected to its investment activities?

☑ (A) The UN Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) and targets
☑ (B) The UNFCCC Paris Agreement
☑ (C) The UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights (UNGPs)
□ (D) OECD frameworks: OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises and Guidance on Responsible Business Conduct for
Institutional Investors
☐ (E) The EU Taxonomy
☐ (F) Other relevant taxonomies
☐ (G) The International Bill of Human Rights
☐ (H) The International Labour Organization's Declaration on Fundamental Principles and Rights at Work and the eight core
conventions
☐ (I) The Convention on Biological Diversity
☐ (J) Other international framework(s)
☐ (K) Other regional framework(s)
☐ (L) Other sectoral/issue-specific framework(s)
o (M) Our organisation did not use any widely recognised frameworks to identify the intended and unintended sustainability
outcomes connected to its investment activities

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PGS 47.2	CORE	PGS 47	PGS 48	PUBLIC	Sustainability outcomes	1, 2

What are the primary methods that your organisation has used to determine the most important intended and unintended sustainability outcomes connected to its investment activities?

- ☑ (A) Identify sustainability outcomes that are closely linked to our core investment activities
- ☑ (B) Consult with key clients and/or beneficiaries to align with their priorities
- \square (C) Assess which actual or potential negative outcomes for people are most severe based on their scale, scope, and irremediable character
- ☑ (D) Identify sustainability outcomes that are closely linked to systematic sustainability issues
- ☐ (E) Analyse the input from different stakeholders (e.g. affected communities, civil society, trade unions or similar)
- ☑ (F) Understand the geographical relevance of specific sustainability outcome objectives
- \square (G) Other method
- o (H) We have not yet determined the most important sustainability outcomes connected to our investment activities



Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PGS 48	CORE	PGS 47.2	PGS 48.1, SO 1	PUBLIC	Sustainability outcomes	1, 2

Has your organisation taken action on any specific sustainability outcomes connected to its investment activities, including to prevent and mitigate actual and potential negative outcomes?

- (A) Yes, we have taken action on some of the specific sustainability outcomes connected to our investment activities
- o (B) No, we have not yet taken action on any specific sustainability outcomes connected to our investment activities

PRIVATE EQUITY (PE)

POLICY

INVESTMENT GUIDELINES

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PE 1	CORE	00 21	N/A	PUBLIC	Investment guidelines	1 to 6

What private equity-specific ESG guidelines are currently covered in your organisation's responsible investment policy(ies)?

- ☑ (A) Guidelines on our ESG approach tailored to the sector(s) and geography(ies) where we invest
- \square (B) Guidelines on our ESG approach tailored to the strategy(ies) and company stage(s) where we invest, e.g. venture capital, buy-out and distressed
- ☑ (C) Guidelines on pre-investment screening
- ☑ (D) Guidelines on minimum ESG due diligence requirements
- ☑ (E) Guidelines on our approach to ESG integration into short-term or 100-day plans (or equivalent)
- ☑ (F) Guidelines on our approach to ESG integration into long-term value-creation efforts
- ☑ (G) Guidelines on our approach to monitoring ESG risks, ESG opportunities and ESG incidents
- ☑ (H) Guidelines on our approach to ESG reporting
- (I) Our responsible investment policy(ies) does not cover private equity-specific ESG guidelines



FUNDRAISING

COMMITMENTS TO INVESTORS

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PE 2	CORE	OO 21	N/A	PUBLIC	Commitments to investors	1, 4

For all of the funds that you closed during the reporting year, what type of formal responsible investment commitments did you make in Limited Partnership Agreements (LPAs), side letters or other constitutive fund documents?

- (a) We incorporated responsible investment commitments in LPAs (or equivalent) as a standard default procedure
- $\circ\,$ (B) We added responsible investment commitments in LPAs (or equivalent) upon clients' request
- o (C) We added responsible investment commitments in side letters upon clients' request
- o (D) We did not make any formal responsible investment commitments for the relevant reporting year
- o (E) Not applicable; we have not raised funds in the last five years

PRE-INVESTMENT

MATERIALITY ANALYSIS

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PE 3	CORE	OO 21	PE 3.1	PUBLIC	Materiality analysis	1

During the reporting year, how did you conduct ESG materiality analysis for your potential private equity investments?

- (A) We assessed ESG materiality at the portfolio company level, as each case is unique Select from dropdown list
 - (1) for all of our potential private equity investments
 - o (2) for the majority of our potential private equity investments
 - o (3) for a minority of our potential private equity investments
- o (B) We performed a mix of industry-level and portfolio company-level ESG materiality analyses
- o (C) We assessed ESG materiality at the industry level only
- o (D) We did not conduct ESG materiality analyses for our potential private equity investments

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PE 3.1	CORE	PE 3	N/A	PUBLIC	Materiality analysis	1



During the reporting year, what tools, standards and data did you use in your ESG materiality analysis of potential private equity investments?

- \square (A) We used GRI standards to inform our private equity ESG materiality analysis
- ☐ (B) We used SASB standards to inform our private equity ESG materiality analysis
- ☑ (C) We used the UN Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) to inform our private equity ESG materiality analysis
- □ (D) We used environmental and social factors detailed in the IFC Performance Standards (or other similar standards used by development-focused financial institutions) in our private equity ESG materiality analysis
- ☑ (E) We used climate disclosures, such as the TCFD recommendations or other climate risk and/or exposure analysis tools, to inform our private equity ESG materiality analysis
- ☑ (F) We used the UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights (UNGPs) to inform our private equity ESG materiality analysis
- ☐ (G) We used geopolitical and macro-economic considerations in our private equity ESG materiality analysis
- ☑ (H) We engaged with the prospective portfolio company to inform our private equity ESG materiality analysis
- ☐ (I) Other

DUE DILIGENCE

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PE 4	CORE	00 21	N/A	PUBLIC	Due diligence	1

During the reporting year, how did material ESG factors influence the selection of your private equity investments?

☑ (A) Material ESG factors were used to identify risks

Select from dropdown list

- (1) for all of our potential private equity investments
- o (2) for the majority of our potential private equity investments
- o (3) for a minority of our potential private equity investments
- ☑ (B) Material ESG factors were discussed by the investment committee (or equivalent)

Select from dropdown list

- (1) for all of our potential private equity investments
- o (2) for the majority of our potential private equity investments
- o (3) for a minority of our potential private equity investments
- ☑ (C) Material ESG factors were used to identify remedial actions for our 100-day plans (or equivalent)

Select from dropdown list

- o (1) for all of our potential private equity investments
- o (2) for the majority of our potential private equity investments
- (3) for a minority of our potential private equity investments
- ☑ (D) Material ESG factors were used to identify opportunities for value creation

Select from dropdown list

- (1) for all of our potential private equity investments
- o (2) for the majority of our potential private equity investments
- o (3) for a minority of our potential private equity investments
- ☑ (E) Material ESG factors informed our decision to abandon potential investments in the due diligence phase in cases where ESG risks were considered too high to mitigate

- o (1) for all of our potential private equity investments
- o (2) for the majority of our potential private equity investments
- (3) for a minority of our potential private equity investments
- (F) Material ESG factors impacted investments in terms of the price offered and/or paid



Select from dropdown list

- o (1) for all of our potential private equity investments
- o (2) for the majority of our potential private equity investments
- (3) for a minority of our potential private equity investments
- o (G) Material ESG factors did not influence the selection of our private equity investments

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PE 5	CORE	OO 21	N/A	PUBLIC	Due diligence	1

Once material ESG factors have been identified, what processes do you use to conduct due diligence on these factors for potential private equity investments?

☑ (A) We do a high-level or desktop review using an ESG checklist for initial red flags

Select from dropdown list

- (1) for all of our potential private equity investments
- o (2) for a majority of our potential private equity investments
- o (3) for a minority of our potential private equity investments

☑ (B) We send detailed ESG questionnaires to target companies

Select from dropdown list

- o (1) for all of our potential private equity investments
- o (3) for a minority of our potential private equity investments

☑ (C) We hire third-party consultants to do technical due diligence on specific material ESG factors

Select from dropdown list

- o (1) for all of our potential private equity investments
- o (2) for a majority of our potential private equity investments
- (3) for a minority of our potential private equity investments

☑ (D) We conduct site visits

Select from dropdown list

- (1) for all of our potential private equity investments
- o (2) for a majority of our potential private equity investments
- o (3) for a minority of our potential private equity investments

☑ (E) We conduct in-depth interviews with management and/or personnel

Select from dropdown list

- \circ (1) for all of our potential private equity investments
- o (3) for a minority of our potential private equity investments
- $\hfill\Box$ (F) We conduct detailed external stakeholder analyses and/or engagement
- ☑ (G) We incorporate ESG due diligence findings in all of our relevant investment process documentation in the same manner as other key due diligence, e.g. commercial, accounting and legal

- o (1) for all of our potential private equity investments
- (2) for a majority of our potential private equity investments
- o (3) for a minority of our potential private equity investments
- ☑ (H) Our investment committee (or an equivalent decision-making body) is ultimately responsible for ensuring all ESG due diligence is completed in the same manner as for other key due diligence, e.g. commercial, accounting, and legal



Select from dropdown list

- **◎ (1)** for all of our potential private equity investments
- o (2) for a majority of our potential private equity investments
- o (3) for a minority of our potential private equity investments

☐ (I) Other

o (J) We do not conduct due diligence on material ESG factors for potential private equity investments

POST-INVESTMENT

MONITORING

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PE 6	CORE	00 21	PE 6.1	PUBLIC	Monitoring	1

During the reporting year, did you track one or more KPIs on material ESG factors across your private equity investments?

☑ (A) Yes, we tracked KPIs on environmental factors

Percentage of portfolio companies this applies to:

- o (1) >0 to 10%
- o (2) >10 to 50%
- o (3) >50 to 75%
- o (4) >75 to 95%
- **(5)** >95%

☑ (B) Yes, we tracked KPIs on social factors

Percentage of portfolio companies this applies to:

- o (1) >0 to 10%
- o (2) >10 to 50%
- o (3) >50 to 75%
- o (4) >75 to 95%
- **(5)** >95%

☑ (C) Yes, we tracked KPIs on governance factors

Percentage of portfolio companies this applies to:

- o (1) >0 to 10%
- o (2) >10 to 50%
- o (3) >50 to 75%
- o (4) >75 to 95%
- **(5)** >95%
- $\circ\,$ (D) We did not track KPIs on material ESG factors across our private equity investments

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PE 7	CORE	00 21	PE 7.1	PUBLIC	Monitoring	1, 2



What processes do you have in place to support meeting your targets on material ESG factors for your private equity investments?

☑ (A) We use operational-level benchmarks to assess and analyse the performance of portfolio companies against sector performance

Select from dropdown list

- o (1) for all of our private equity investments
- o (2) for a majority of our private equity investments
- (3) for a minority of our private equity investments

☑ (B) We implement international best practice standards, such as the IFC Performance Standards, to guide ongoing assessments and analyses

Select from dropdown list

- o (2) for a majority of our private equity investments
- o (3) for a minority of our private equity investments

☑ (C) We implement certified environmental and social management systems across our portfolio

Select from dropdown list

- o (1) for all of our private equity investments
- o (3) for a minority of our private equity investments

(D) We make sufficient budget available to ensure that the systems and procedures needed are established

Select from dropdown list

- o (1) for all of our private equity investments
- (2) for a majority of our private equity investments
- o (3) for a minority of our private equity investments

☑ (E) We hire external verification services to audit performance, systems, and procedures

Select from dropdown list

- o (1) for all of our private equity investments
- o (2) for a majority of our private equity investments
- (3) for a minority of our private equity investments
- \Box (F) We conduct ongoing engagement with all key stakeholders at the portfolio company level, e.g. local communities, NGOs, governments, and end-users

$\ \square$ (G) We implement 100-day plans, ESG roadmaps and similar processes

- (1) for all of our private equity investments
- o (2) for a majority of our private equity investments
- o (3) for a minority of our private equity investments
- ☐ (H) Other
- \circ (I) We do not have processes in place to help meet our targets on material ESG factors for our private equity investments

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PE 9	CORE	00 21	N/A	PUBLIC	Monitoring	1, 2



Post-investment, how do you manage material ESG risks and ESG opportunities to create value during the holding period of your investments?

☑ (A) We develop company-specific ESG action plans based on pre-investment research, due diligence and materiality findings

Select from dropdown list

- (1) for all of our private equity investments
- o (2) for a majority of our private equity investments
- o (3) for a minority of our private equity investments

☑ (B) We adjust our ESG action plans based on performance monitoring findings at least yearly

Select from dropdown list

- o (1) for all of our private equity investments
- (2) for a majority of our private equity investments
- o (3) for a minority of our private equity investments

☑ (C) We, or the external advisors that we hire, support our private equity investments with specific ESG value-creation opportunities

Select from dropdown list

- o (1) for all of our private equity investments
- (2) for a majority of our private equity investments
- (3) for a minority of our private equity investments

☑ (D) We engage with the board to manage ESG risks and ESG opportunities post-investment

Select from dropdown list

- o (2) for a majority of our private equity investments
- o (3) for a minority of our private equity investments
- ☐ (E) Other
- $\circ\hspace{0.2cm}$ (F) We do not manage material ESG risks and opportunities post-investment

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PE 12	CORE	00 21	PE 12.1	PUBLIC	Monitoring	1, 2

How do you ensure that adequate ESG-related competence exists at the portfolio company level?

☑ (A) We assign the board responsibility for ESG matters

Select from dropdown list

- (1) for all of our private equity investments
- o (2) for a majority of our private equity investments
- o (3) for a minority of our private equity investments

☑ (B) We ensure that material ESG matters are discussed by the board at least yearly

Select from dropdown list

- o (2) for a majority of our private equity investments
- o (3) for a minority of our private equity investments

☑ (C) We provide training on ESG aspects and management best practices relevant to the portfolio company to C-suite executives only

- o (1) for all of our private equity investments
- (2) for a majority of our private equity investments
- o (3) for a minority of our private equity investments



☑ (D) We provide training on ESG aspects and management best practices relevant to the portfolio company to employees (excl. C-suite executives)

Select from dropdown list

- o (1) for all of our private equity investments
- o (2) for a majority of our private equity investments
- (3) for a minority of our private equity investments
- ☑ (E) We support the portfolio company in developing and implementing its ESG strategy

Select from dropdown list

- (1) for all of our private equity investments
- o (2) for a majority of our private equity investments
- o (3) for a minority of our private equity investments
- ☑ (F) We support portfolio companies by finding external ESG expertise, e.g. consultants or auditors

Select from dropdown list

- o (1) for all of our private equity investments
- (3) for a minority of our private equity investments
- ☑ (G) We share best practices across portfolio companies, e.g. educational sessions or the implementation of environmental and social management systems

Select from dropdown list

- (1) for all of our private equity investments
- o (2) for a majority of our private equity investments
- o (3) for a minority of our private equity investments
- \Box (H) We include penalties or incentives to improve ESG performance in management remuneration schemes
- ☐ (I) Other
- $\circ\,$ (J) We do not ensure that adequate ESG-related competence exists at the portfolio company level

EXIT

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PE 13	CORE	00 21	N/A	PUBLIC	Exit	4, 6

During the reporting year, what responsible investment information was shared with potential buyers of private equity investments?

☑ (A) Our firm's high-level commitment to responsible investment, e.g. that we are a PRI signatory

Select from dropdown list

- (1) for all of our private equity investments
- o (2) for a majority of our private equity investments
- o (3) for a minority of our private equity investments
- ☑ (B) A description of what industry and asset class standards our firm aligns with, e.g. TCFD

Select from dropdown list

- (1) for all of our private equity investments
- o (2) for a majority of our private equity investments
- o (3) for a minority of our private equity investments
- ☑ (C) Our firm's responsible investment policy (at minimum, a summary of key aspects and firm-specific approach)

- (1) for all of our private equity investments
- o (2) for a majority of our private equity investments
- o (3) for a minority of our private equity investments
- ☑ (D) Our firm's ESG risk assessment methodology (topics covered in-house and/or with external support)



Select from dropdown list

- (1) for all of our private equity investments
- o (2) for a majority of our private equity investments
- o (3) for a minority of our private equity investments
- ☑ (E) The outcome of our latest ESG risk assessment on the asset or portfolio company

Select from dropdown list

- (1) for all of our private equity investments
- o (2) for a majority of our private equity investments
- o (3) for a minority of our private equity investments
- ☑ (F) Key ESG performance data on the asset or portfolio company being sold

Select from dropdown list

- (1) for all of our private equity investments
- o (2) for a majority of our private equity investments
- o (3) for a minority of our private equity investments
- ☐ (G) Other
- (H) No responsible investment information was shared with potential buyers of private equity investments during the reporting year
- o (I) Not applicable; we had no sales process (or control over the sales process) during the reporting year

DISCLOSURE OF ESG PORTFOLIO INFORMATION

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
PE 14	CORE	00 21	N/A	PUBLIC	Disclosure of ESG portfolio information	6

During the reporting year, how did you report your targets on material ESG factors and related data to your investors?

- ☑ (A) We used a publicly disclosed sustainability report
- ☑ (B) We reported in aggregate through formal reporting to investors
- \square (C) We reported at the portfolio company level through formal reporting to investors
- ☑ (D) We reported through a limited partners advisory committee (or equivalent)
- ☑ (E) We reported back at digital or physical events or meetings with investors
- (F) We had a process in place to ensure that reporting on serious ESG incidents occurred
- ☑ (G) Other

Specify:

We completed bespoke ESG questionnaires and surveys requested by a number of investors.

(H) We did not report our targets on material ESG factors and related data to our investors during the reporting year



CONFIDENCE-BUILDING MEASURES (CBM)

CONFIDENCE-BUILDING MEASURES

APPROACH TO CONFIDENCE-BUILDING MEASURES

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
CBM 1	CORE	N/A	Multiple indicators	PUBLIC	Approach to confidence-building measures	6

How did your organisation verify the information submitted in your PRI report this reporting year?

- \Box (A) We conducted independent third-party assurance of selected processes and/or data related to the responsible investment processes reported in our PRI report, which resulted in a formal assurance conclusion
- □ (B) We conducted a third-party readiness review and are making changes to our internal controls or governance processes to be able to conduct independent third-party assurance next year
- \Box (C) We conducted an internal audit of selected processes and/or data related to the responsible investment processes reported in our PRI report
- \square (D) Our board, trustees (or equivalent), senior executive-level staff (or equivalent), and/or investment committee (or equivalent) signed off on our PRI report
- ☐ (E) We conducted an external ESG audit of our holdings to verify that our funds comply with our responsible investment policy ☐ (F) We conducted an external ESG audit of our holdings as part of risk management, engagement identification or investment decision-making
- ☑ (G) Our responses in selected sections and/or the entirety of our PRI report were internally reviewed before submission to the PRI
- o (H) We did not verify the information submitted in our PRI report this reporting year

INTERNAL REVIEW

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
СВМ 6	CORE	CBM 1	N/A	PUBLIC	Internal review	6

Who in your organisation reviewed the responses submitted in your PRI report this year?

☑ (A) Board, trustees, or equivalent

Sections of PRI report reviewed

- **(1)** the entire report
- o (2) selected sections of the report
- ☑ (B) Senior executive-level staff, investment committee, head of department, or equivalent

Sections of PRI report reviewed

- o (2) selected sections of the report



 \circ (C) None of the above internal roles reviewed selected sections or the entirety of the responses submitted in our PRI report this year